input processing 500. When the decision 506 determines that another input has been received, then other processing is performed 508 to perform any operations or actions caused by the other input. Following the operation 508, the user input processing 500 is complete and ends. On the other hand, when the decision 506 determines that no other input has been received, then the user input processing 500 returns to repeat the decision 504.

[0056] Once the decision 504 determines that a rotational movement input has been received, then the rotational movement is converted 510 to a linear movement. Then, a next portion of the list of items (and placement of the select bar over one of the items) is determined 512. Thereafter, the next portion of the list of items is displayed 514. The linear movement operates to move the select bar (or other visual identifier) within the list. In other words, the select bar is scrolled upwards or downwards by the user in accordance with the linear motion. As the scrolling occurs, the portion of the list being displayed changes. Following the operation 514, the user input processing 500 is complete and ends. However, if desired, the user input processing 500 can continue following operation 514 by returning to the decision 504 such that subsequent rotational movement inputs can be processed to view other portions of the list items in a similar manner.

[0057] FIG. 6 is a block diagram of a rotary input display system 600 in accordance with one embodiment of the invention. By way of example, the rotary input display system 600 can be performed by a computing device, such as the computer system 50 illustrated in FIG. 1A or the media player 100 illustrated in FIG. 1B. The rotary input display system 600 utilizes a rotational input device 602 and a display screen 604. The rotational input device 602 is configured to transform a rotational motion 606 by a user input action (e.g., a swirling or whirling motion) into translational or linear motion 608 on the display screen 604. In one embodiment, the rotational input device 602 is arranged to continuously determine either the angular position of the rotational input device 602 or the angular position of an object relative to a planar surface 609 of the rotational input device 602. This allows a user to linearly scroll through a media list 611 on the display screen 604 by inducing the rotational motion 606 with respect to the rotational input

[0058] The rotary input display system 600 also includes a control assembly 612 that is coupled to the rotational input device 602. The control assembly 612 is configured to acquire the position signals from the sensors and to supply the acquired signals to a processor 614 of the system. By way of example, the control assembly 612 may include an application-specific integrated circuit (ASIC) that is configured to monitor the signals from the sensors to compute the angular location and direction (and optionally speed and acceleration) from the monitored signals and to report this information to the processor 614.

[0059] The processor 614 is coupled between the control assembly 612 and the display screen 604. The processor 614 is configured to control display of information on the display screen 604. In one sequence, the processor 614 receives angular motion information from the control assembly 612 and then determines the next items of the media list 611 that are to be presented on the display screen 604. In making this

determination, the processor 614 can take into consideration the length of the media list 611. Typically, the processor 614 will determine the rate of movement such that the transitioning to different items in the media list 611 can be performed faster when moved at greater speeds. In effect, to the user, the more rapid the rotational motion or acceleration, the faster the transitioning through the list of media items 611. Alternatively, the control assembly 612 and processor 614 may be combined in some embodiments.

[0060] Although not shown, the processor 614 can also control a buzzer to provide audio feedback to a user. The audio feedback can, for example, be a clicking sound produced by a buzzer 616. In one embodiment, the buzzer 616 is a piezoelectric buzzer. As the rate of transitioning through the list of media items increases, the frequency of the clicking sounds increases. Alternatively, when the rate of transitioning slows, the frequency of the clicking sounds correspondingly slows. Hence, the clicking sounds provide audio feedback to the user as to the rate in which the media items within the list of media items are being traversed.

[0061] The various aspects or features of the invention described above can be used alone or in various combinations. The invention is preferably implemented by a combination of hardware and software, but can also be implemented in hardware or software. The invention can also be embodied as computer readable code on a computer readable medium. The computer readable medium is any data storage device that can store data which can thereafter be read by a computer system. Examples of the computer readable medium include read-only memory, random-access memory, CDROMs, DVDs, magnetic tape, optical data storage devices, and carrier waves. The computer readable medium can also be distributed over network-coupled computer systems so that the computer readable code is stored and executed in a distributed fashion.

[0062] The advantages of the invention are numerous. Different embodiments or implementations may yield one or more of the following advantages. It should be noted that this is not an exhaustive list and there may be other advantages which are not described herein. One advantage of the invention is that a user is able to traverse through a displayed list of items (e.g., media items) using a rotational user input action. Another advantage of the invention is that a user is able to easily and rapidly traverse a lengthy list of items (e.g., media items).

[0063] The many features and advantages of the present invention are apparent from the written description, and thus, it is intended by the appended claims to cover all such features and advantages of the invention. Further, since numerous modifications and changes will readily occur to those skilled in the art, it is not desired to limit the invention to the exact construction and operation as illustrated and described. Hence, all suitable modifications and equivalents may be resorted to as falling within the scope of the invention.

What is claimed is:

- 1. A portable media player, comprising:
- a storage disk drive that stores media content for each of a plurality of media items;
- a display screen that displays a portion of the media items at a time: